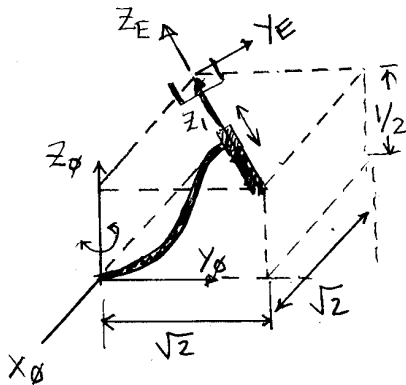


Name: _____

Matric number: _____

The figure shows a robot with two joints. The first moving link rotates about Z_0 and the 2nd link translates along Z_1 . Frame 0 serves as the base frame with its z axis, Z_0 , coinciding with the axis of the first joint. Frame E is attached to the end-effector (link 2) as shown. The z axis of the end-effector, Z_E is along the length of the link and is aligned with the joint axis of the 2nd link, Z_1 , as shown in the Figure. Note that Z_1 is on a plane (horizontal plane in the figure) that is normal to Z_0 .

1. Assign frames to each of the two links according to the Denavit-Hartenberg (D-H) convention discussed in class. Draw the frames on the figure itself.



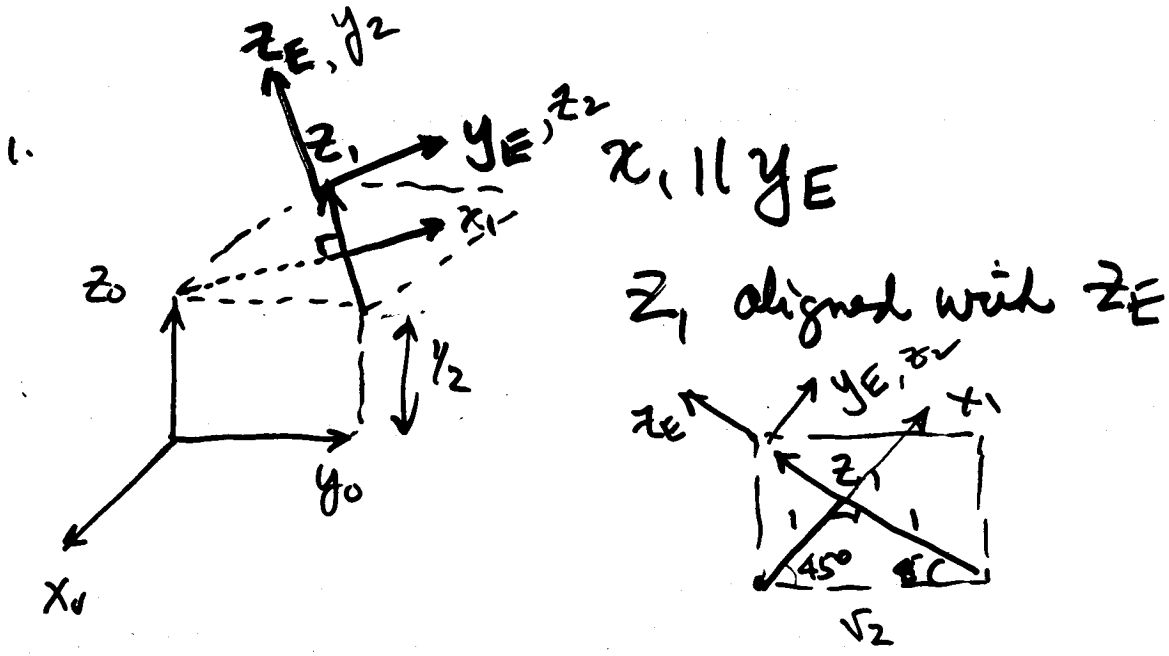
yz Plane of Frame E is always parallel to xy plane of Frame 0.

2. Determine the 4 kinematic parameters (D-H parameters) that define the relative position and orientation of each link. Indicate which of the parameter is the joint variable. Put your answer in the following table.

Link	θ	r	d	α	Joint Variable
1					
2					

3. Determine the 4x4 homogeneous transformation matrix that determines the position and orientation of Frame E with respect to Frame 2 (Frame 2 was assigned using the D-H convention).

Ans: ${}^2T_E =$



2.

	θ	r	d	α	Joint Variable
1	135°	$1/2$	1	-90°	θ
2	90°	1	0	90°	r

3.

$${}^2 T_E = \begin{pmatrix} {}^2 x_E & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

\downarrow \nearrow \uparrow
 ${}^2 y_E$ x ${}^2 z_E$